



In English You can change a statement into a yes-no question by adding **do, does,** or **did** to the beginning of the question. With the verb "to be" or helping verbs, you can change a statement into a yes-no question by reversing the order of the subject and verb.

Statements

She skates.

I like baseball.

He is French.

Questions

Does she skate?

Do you like baseball?

Is he French?

You can also ask a question by raising the pitch of your voice. Asking a question in this way can express surprise or doubt.

She's leaving for Paris. She's leaving for Paris?

A Rewrite the following statements as yes-no questions.

1. You're going to lunch at noon.

_____ **Are you going to lunch at noon?** _____

2. Bernard likes ice skating and skiing.

3. It's cold outside.

4. They live in Miami, Florida.

5. You will play tennis with me.

6. Simone likes to go to the movies.

In French You can change a statement into a yes-no question by raising the pitch of your voice at the end of a sentence. You can also add **Est-ce que** (or **Est-ce qu'** before a vowel sound) to the beginning of a statement.

Statements

Tu aimes sortir.

Ils aiment nager.

Odette joue aux cartes.

Questions

Est-ce que tu aimes sortir?

Est-ce qu'ils aiment nager?

Est-ce qu'Odette joue aux cartes?



B Rewrite the following statements as yes-no questions with **est-ce que**.

1. Tu aimes lire.

_____ **Est-ce que tu aimes lire?** _____

2. Océane aime faire du sport.

3. Lucie joue au golf.

4. Ils écoutent de la musique.

5. Vous aimez faire la fête.

6. Tu préfères discuter avec des amis.

7. Elles regardent la télé.

8. Bruno parle anglais.

C How is question formation similar in French and English? How is it different?

Similarities: _____

Differences: _____
